

AIRWAY MANAGEMENT PRACTICE SHEETS

ORAL AIRWAY

Select proper airway _____

Measures appropriately _____

Inserts airway without displacing the tongue posteriorly _____

NAME _____

DATE _____

CO-SIGNED BY _____

NASOPHARYNGEAL AIRWAY

Selects proper airway _____

Measures appropriately _____

Lubricates the airway _____

Fully inserts the airway with the bevel facing toward the septum _____

USE OF BVM

Opens airway with jaw-thrust properly _____

Opens airway with the head-tilt-jaw-lift properly _____

Able to ventilate the patient using the BVM—good chest rise and fall

Listens to patients chest for breath sounds as they ventilate _____

KING AIRWAY (for those that have been officially trained)

Assess LOC, opens airway, check for breathing, 2 breaths if indicated, check for pulse _____

Insert oral airway _____

Ventilate patient at rate of 10 - 12 per minute _____

ASSESS BREATH SOUNDS _____

Selects proper size king airway _____

Test cuff and inflation system (inflate volume is printed on the tube) _____

Deflate cuff _____

Apply lubricant to the beveled distal tip and posterior aspect of the tube, not over the holes _____

Place patient in ideal head position (sniffing position/ neutral position) _____

Insert tube either straight in or laterally and rotate tube back to midline (blue line facing chin) _____

Without exerting excessive force, advance tube until the base of the connector is aligned with teeth and gums _____

Inflate cuffs with appropriate volume of air _____

Attach BVM gently bag—simultaneously withdraw the airway until ventilation becomes easy and is free flowing _____

Mark depth of tube _____

CONFIRM PROPER PLACEMENT BY LISTENING FOR BREATH SOUNDS AND CHEST RISE AND FALL _____